

Isolated 16-bit Analog I/O Board for PCI Express **AIO-160802LI-PE**



* Specifications, color and design of the products are subject to change without notice.

Features

Bus isolated high precision analog input 8 channels / output 2 channels, each 4 channels for digital I/O, counter 1 channel

This product has analog input (10 μ sec / channel [100KSPS], 16-bit, 8 channels), analog output (10 μ sec [100KSPS], 16-bit, 2 channels), analog I/O control signal (Isolation TTL level 6 channels), digital I/O (4 channels each for Isolation TTL level), counter (32-bit, Isolation TTL level 1 channel).

Functions and connectors are compatible with PCI compatible board ADAI16-8/2(LPCI)L

The functions same with PCI compatible board ADAI16-8/2(LPCI)L are provided. In addition, as there is compatibility in terms of connector shape and pin assignments, it is easy to migrate from the existing system.

Bus isolation between PC and external I/O signals by a digital isolator
Isolation between PC and external I/O circuit by a digital isolator improves noise tolerance.

The start/end of sampling can be controlled by software, comparison of conversion data, an external trigger, etc.

You can select from software, comparison of conversion data or an external trigger to control the start of sampling. You can select from completion of sampling for a specified number of sessions, comparison of conversion data, an external trigger or software to control the end of sampling. The sampling cycle can be selected from the internal clock or an external clock.

Equipped with buffer memory (1K data) that can be used in the FIFO or RING format

The analog input block contains buffer memory (1K data) that can be used in the FIFO or RING format. This allows for background analog I/O that does not depend on the operation status of the software or PC.

Bus isolation between PC and external analog output circuit by a digital isolator

Isolation between PC and external analog output circuit by a digital isolator improves noise performance.

The start/end of sampling can be controlled by software, an external trigger, etc.

You can select from software, an external trigger to control the start of sampling. You can select from completion of sampling for a specified number of sessions, an external trigger or software to control forcibly the end of sampling. The sampling cycle can be selected from the internal clock or an external clock.

This product is a PCI Express bus-compliant interface board used to provide an analog signal I/O, input and output function on a PC. AIO-160802LI-PE features bus isolated 16-bit analog input 8 channels and 16-bit analog output 2 channels.

Equipped with digital I/O and counter, this product is multifunction and bus isolated type that provides isolation between PC and external analog I/O circuit. This product carries buffer memory for 1K of data, allowing sampling to be performed in a variety of trigger / clock conditions.

Windows/Linux driver and full-fledged data logger software

"C-LOGGER" is bundled with this product. Possible to be used as a data recording device for MATLAB and LabVIEW, with dedicated libraries.

- * The contents in this document are subject to change without notice.
- * Visit the CONTEC website to check the latest details in the document.
- * The information in the data sheets is as of June, 2022.

Safety design to adjust output voltage to 0V when power supply is turned on

To prevent the unstable voltage and the connected device of D/A converter from fault and malfunctions when the power supply is turned on, the circuit is designed to adjust output voltage of the analog output to 0V.

Equipped with buffer memory (1K data) that can be used in the FIFO or RING format

The analog output block contains buffer memory (1K data) that can be used in the FIFO or RING format. This allows for background analog output that does not depend on the operation status of the software or PC.

Digital filter function included to prevent misdetection due to chattering on external signals

A digital filter is included to prevent misdetection due to chattering on the control signal (external trigger input signal, sampling clock input signal, etc.), digital input signal and counter input signal. (Except from external clock input signal and counter gate signal)

Software-based calibration function

Calibration can be all performed by software. Apart from the adjustment information prepared before shipment, additional adjustment information can be stored according to the use environment.

Data logger software, Windows/Linux compatible driver libraries are attached.

Using the bundled data logger software "C-LOGGER" allows you to display recorded signal data in graphs, save files without any special program. In addition, the driver library API-PAC(W32) which makes it possible to create applications of Windows/Linux is provided.

MATLAB and LabVIEW is supported by a plug-in of dedicated library VI-DAQ.

Using the dedicated library MATLAB and VI-DAQ makes it possible to make a LabVIEW application.

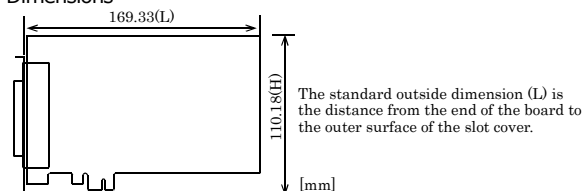
Specification

| Item | Specifications |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Analog input | |
| Isolated specification | Bus-Isolated |
| Input type | Single-Ended Input |
| Number of input channels | 8ch |
| Input range | Bipolar $\pm 10V$ |
| Absolute max. input voltage | $\pm 20V$ |
| Input impedance | 1M Ω or more |
| Resolution | 16bit |
| Non-Linearity error *1*2 | $\pm 16LSB$ |
| Conversion speed | 10 μ sec/ch*3 [100KSPS]*4 |
| Buffer memory | 1k Word |
| Conversion start trigger | Software / external trigger |
| Conversion stop trigger | Number of sampling times / external trigger/software |
| External start signal | Isolation TTL-level (Rising or falling edge can be selected by software) Digital filter (1msec can be selected by software) |
| External stop signal | Isolation TTL-level (Rising or falling edge can be selected by software) Digital filter (1msec can be selected by software) |
| External dock signal | Isolation TTL-level (Rising or falling edge can be selected by software) |
| Analog output | |
| Isolated specification | Bus-Isolated |
| Number of output channels | 2ch |
| Output range | Bipolar $\pm 10V$ |
| Absolute max. input current | $\pm 5mA$ |
| Output impedance | 1 Ω or less |
| Resolution | 16bit |
| Non-Linearity error *1 | $\pm 5LSB$ |
| Conversion speed | 10 μ sec [100KSPS]*4 |
| Buffer memory | 1k Word |
| Conversion start trigger | Software / external trigger |
| Conversion stop trigger | Number of sampling times / external trigger/software |
| External start signal | Isolation TTL-level (Rising or falling edge can be selected by software) Digital filter (1msec can be selected by software) |
| External stop signal | Isolation TTL-level (Rising or falling edge can be selected by software) Digital filter (1msec can be selected by software) |
| External dock signal | Isolation TTL-level (Rising or falling edge can be selected by software) |

- *1: The non-linearity error means an error of approximately 0.1% occurs over the maximum range at 0°C and 50°C ambient temperature.
 *2: At the time of the source use of a signal which built in the high-speed operational amplifier.
 *3: The required time is indicated in the analog to digital translation of one channel. When AD of two or more channels is converted, time of the a few minutes of the channel is necessary.
 Conversion time = Number of conversion channels \times 10 μ sec
 *4: SPS = Samplings Per Second. The number of data that can be converted in one second is shown.

| Item | Specifications |
|----------------------------|--|
| Digital I/O | |
| Number of input channels | Isolated input 4ch (TTL-level positive logic) |
| Number of output channels | Isolated input 4ch (TTL-level positive logic) |
| Counter | |
| Number of channels | 1ch |
| Counting system | Up count |
| Max. count | FFFFFFFFh (Binary data, 32bit) |
| Number of external inputs | 2 Isolation TTL-level (Gate/Up) Gate (positive logic/level), Up (Rising edge) |
| Number of external outputs | 1 Isolation TTL-level Count match output (positive logic, pulse output) |
| Response frequency | 1MHz (Max.) |
| Common section | |
| I/O address | 64 ports |
| Interruption level | Errors and various factors, One interrupt request line as INTA |
| Connector | 10250-52A2JL[3M] |
| Power consumption | 3.3VDC 1100mA (Max.) |
| Operating condition | 0 - 50°C, 10 - 90%RH (No condensation) |
| Bus specification | PCI Express Base Specification Rev. 1.0a x1 |
| Dimension (mm) | 169.33 (L) \times 110.18 (H) |
| Weight | 120g |
| Standard | VCCI Class A, CE Marking (EMC Directive Class A, RoHS Directive), UKCA |

Dimensions



Support Software

Windows version of analog I/O driver API-AIO(WDM)

The API-AIO(WDM) is the Windows version driver library software that provides products in the form of Win32 API functions (DLL). Various sample programs such as Visual Basic and Visual C++, etc and diagnostic program *1 useful for checking operation is provided.

For more details on the supported OS, applicable language and new information, please visit the CONTEC's Web site.

Linux version of analog I/O driver API-AIO(LNX)

The API-AIO(LNX) is the Linux version driver software which provides device drivers (modules) by shared library and kernel version. Various sample programs of gcc are provided.

For more details on the supported OS, applicable language and new information, please visit the CONTEC's Web site.

Data Logger Software C-LOGGER

C-LOGGER is a data logger software program compatible with our analog I/O products. This program enables the graph display of recorded signal data, zoom observation, file saving, and dynamic transfer to the spreadsheet software "Excel". No troublesome programming is required.

For more details on the supported OS, applicable language and new information, please visit the CONTEC's Web site.

Data Acquisition library for MATLAB ML-DAQ

This is the library software which allows you to use our analog I/O device products on MATLAB by the MathWorks. Each function is offered in accordance with the interface which is integrated in MATLAB's Data Acquisition Toolbox.

For more details on the supported OS, applicable language and new information, please visit the CONTEC's Web site.

Data acquisition VI library for LabVIEW VI-DAQ

This is a VI library to use in National Instruments LabVIEW. VI-DAQ is created with a function form similar to that of LabVIEW's Data Acquisition VI, allowing you to use various devices without complicated settings.

For more details on the library and download of VI-DAQ, please visit the CONTEC's Web site.

Packing List

Board [AIO-160802LI-PE] ...1

First step guide ... 1

Disk *1 [API-PAC(W32)] ...1

Warranty Certificate ...1

Serial Number Label ...1

*1 The bundled disk contains the driver software and User's Guide.

List of Options

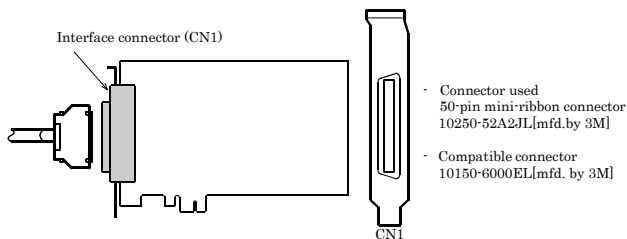
| | |
|--|----------------------|
| Shield Cable with 50-Pin Mini-Ribbon Connectors at either Ends | :PCB50PS-0.5P (0.5m) |
| | :PCB50PS-1.5P (1.5m) |
| Shield Cable with 50-Pin Mini-Ribbon Connector at one End | :PCA50PS-0.5P (0.5m) |
| | :PCA50PS-1.5P (1.5m) |
| Screw Terminal Unit (M3 x 50P) | :EPD-50A *1*2 |
| Buffer Amplifier Box for Analog Input Boards (8ch type) | :ATBA-8L *1*3 |
| Buffer Amplifier Box for Analog Input Boards (16ch type) | :ATBA-16L *1*3 |
| BNC Terminal Unit (for analog input 8ch) | :ATP-8L *1*4 |

- *1 PCB50PS-0.5P or PCB50PS-1.5P optional cable is required separately.
 - *2 "Spring-up" type terminal is used to prevent terminal screws from falling off.
 - *3 An external power supply is necessary (optional AC adaptor POA200-20 prepared.)
 - *4 Capable of using the analog input of up to 8ch, and analog output of up to 2ch.
- * Check the CONTEC's Web site for more information on these options.

How to connect the connectors

Connector shape

To connect an external device to this board, plug the cable from the device into the interface connector (CN1) shown below.



Connector Pin Assignment

Pin Assignments of AIO-160802LI-PE Interface Connector (CN1)

| | | | | | |
|----------------------------|----------|----|----|----------|----------------------------|
| Non Connect | N.C. | 50 | 25 | AO 00 | Analog Output 00 |
| Analog Ground (for AO) | AGND | 49 | 24 | AGND | Analog Ground (for AO) |
| Non Connect | N.C. | 48 | 23 | AO 01 | Analog Output 01 |
| Analog Ground (for AO) | AGND | 47 | 22 | AGND | Analog Ground (for AO) |
| Analog Input 04 | AI 04 | 46 | 21 | AI 00 | Analog Input 00 |
| Non Connect | N.C. | 45 | 20 | N.C. | Non Connect |
| Analog Input 05 | AI 05 | 44 | 19 | AI 01 | Analog Input 01 |
| Non Connect | N.C. | 43 | 18 | N.C. | Non Connect |
| Analog Ground (for AI) | AGND | 42 | 17 | AGND | Analog Ground (for AI) |
| Analog Ground (for AI) | AGND | 41 | 16 | AGND | Analog Ground (for AI) |
| Analog Input 06 | AI 06 | 40 | 15 | AI 02 | Analog Input 02 |
| Non Connect | N.C. | 39 | 14 | N.C. | Non Connect |
| Analog Input 07 | AI 07 | 38 | 13 | AI 03 | Analog Input 03 |
| Non Connect | N.C. | 37 | 12 | N.C. | Non Connect |
| AO External Start Trigger | AO START | 36 | 11 | AI START | AI External Start Trigger |
| AO External Stop Trigger | AO STOP | 35 | 10 | AI STOP | AI External Stop Trigger |
| AO External Sampling Clock | AO EXCLK | 34 | 9 | AI EXCLK | AI External Sampling Clock |
| Digital Ground | DGND | 33 | 8 | DGND | Digital Ground |
| Digital Output 00 | DO 00 | 32 | 7 | DI 00 | Digital Input 00 |
| Digital Output 01 | DO 01 | 31 | 6 | DI 01 | Digital Input 01 |
| Digital Output 02 | DO 02 | 30 | 5 | DI 02 | Digital Input 02 |
| Digital Output 03 | DO 03 | 29 | 4 | DI 03 | Digital Input 03 |
| Digital Ground | DGND | 28 | 3 | DGND | Digital Ground |
| Counter UP Clock Input | CNT | 27 | 2 | CNT | Counter Gate Control Input |
| Reserved | Reserved | 26 | 1 | CNT OUT | Counter Output |

| | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Analog Input00 - Analog Input07 | Analog input signal. The numbers correspond to channel numbers. |
| Analog Output00 - Analog Output01 | Analog output signal. The numbers correspond to channel numbers. |
| Analog Ground | Common analog ground for analog I/O signals. |
| AI External Start Trigger Input | External trigger input for starting analog input sampling. |
| AI External Stop Trigger Input | External trigger input for stopping analog input sampling. |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| AI External Sampling Clock Input | External sampling clock input for analog input. |
| AO External Start Trigger Input | External trigger input for starting analog output sampling. |
| AO External Stop Trigger Input | External trigger input for stopping analog output sampling. |
| AO External Sampling Clock Input | External sampling clock input for analog output. |
| Digital Input00 - Digital Input03 | Digital input signal. |
| Digital Output00 - Digital Output03 | Digital output signal. |
| Counter Gate Control Input | Gate control input signal for counter. |
| Counter Up Clock Input | Count-up clock input signal for counter. |
| Counter Output | Counter output signal. |
| Digital Ground | Common digital ground for digital I/O signals, external trigger inputs, external sampling clock inputs, and counter I/O signals. |
| Reserved | Reserved pin. |
| N.C. | No connection to this pin. |

CAUTION

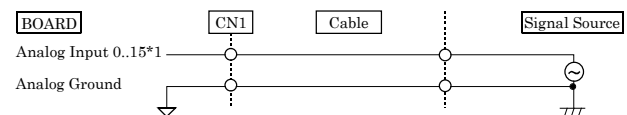
- Do not connect any of the outputs and power outputs to the analog or digital ground. Neither connect outputs to each other. Doing either can result in a fault.
- If analog and digital ground are shorted together, noise on the digital signals may affect the analog signals. Accordingly, analog and digital ground should be separated.
- Leave "Reserved" pins unconnected. Connecting these pins may cause a fault in the board.

Analog Input Signal Connection

Single-ended Input

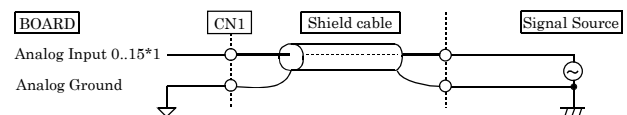
The following figure shows an example of flat cable connection. Connect separate signal and ground wires for each analog input channel on CN1.

Single-ended Input Connection (Flat Cable)



The following figure shows an example of shield cable connection. Use shielded cable if the distance between the signal source and board is long or if you want to provide better protection from noise. For each analog input channel on CN1, connect the core wire to the signal line and connect the shielding to ground.

Single-ended Input Connection (Shield Cable)



*1 The number of channels depends on each board. The AIO-160802LI-PE has eight channels.

CAUTION

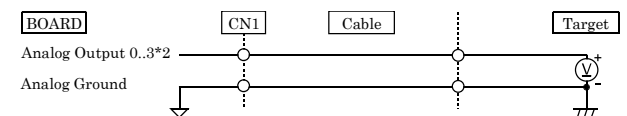
- If the signal source contains over 1MHz signals, the signal may effect the cross-talk noise between channels.
- If the board and the signal source receive noise or the distance between the board and the signal source is too long, data may not be input properly.
- An input analog signal should not exceed the maximum input voltage (relate to the board analog ground). If it exceeds the maximum voltage, the board may be damaged.
- Connect all the unused analog input channels to analog ground.
- The signal connected to an input pin may fluctuate after switching of the multiplexer. If this occurs, shorten the cable between the signal source and the analog input pin or insert a high-speed amplifier as a buffer between the two to reduce the fluctuation.
- Analog ground of CN1 is isolated from the ground in the PC.

Analog Output Signal Connection

This section shows how to connect the analog output signal by using a flat cable or a shielded cable.

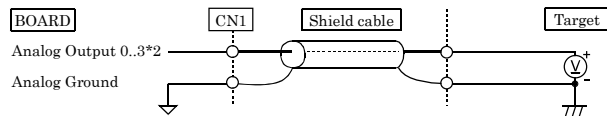
The following figure shows an example of flat cable connection. Connect the signal source and ground to the CN1 analog output.

Analog Output Connection (Flat Cable)



The following figure shows an example of shield cable connection. Use shielded cable if the distance between the signal source and board is long or if you want to provide better protection from noise. For each analog input channel on CN1, connect the core wire to the signal line and connect the shielding to ground.

Analog Output Connection (Shield Cable)



*2 The number of channels depends on each board. The AIO-160802LI-PE has two channels.

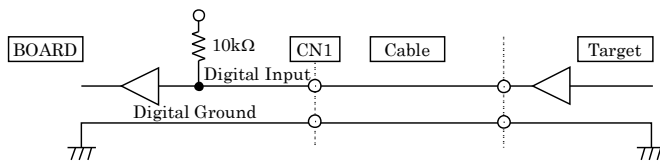
CAUTION

- When the power supply is turned on, the output voltage of all channels becomes 0V.
- If the board or the connected wire receives noise, or the distance between the board and the target is long, data may not be outputted properly.
- Do not short the analog output signal to analog ground, digital ground, and/or power line. Doing so may damage the board.
- Do not connect an analog output signal to any other analog output, either on the board or on an external device, as this may cause a fault on the board.
- Analog ground of CN1 is isolated from the ground in the PC.

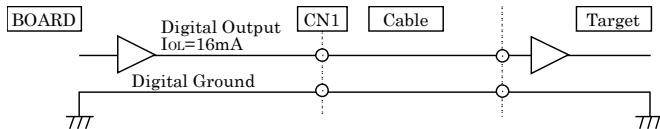
Digital I/O signals, Counter signals and Control signals Connection

The following sections show examples of how to connect digital I/O signals, counter I/O signals, and other control I/O signals (external trigger input signals, sampling clock input signals, etc.). All the digital I/O signals and control signals are TTL level signals.

Digital Input Connection



Digital Output Connection



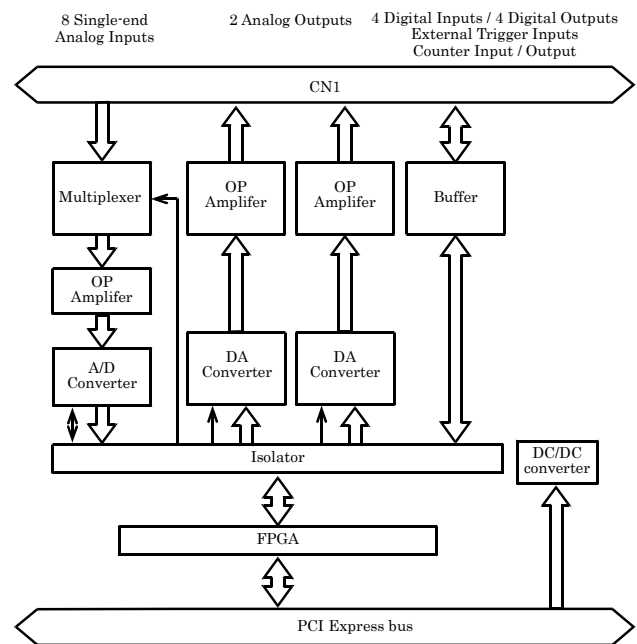
About the counter input control signal

Counter Gate Control Input (refer to the chapter 3 Connector Pin Assignment) acts as an input that validate or invalidate the input of an external clock for the counter. This function enables the control of an external clock input for the counter. The external clock for the counter is effective when input is "High", and invalid when input is "Low". If unconnected, it is a pull-up in the board (card) and remains "High". Therefore the external clock for the counter is effective when the counter gate control input is not connected.

CAUTION

- Do not short the output signals to analog ground, digital ground, and/or power line. Doing so may damage the board.
- Do not connect a digital output signal to any other digital output, either on the board or on an external device, as this may cause a fault on the board.
- Analog ground of CN1 is isolated from the ground in the PC.

Block Diagram



Difference from ADAI16-8/2(LPCI)L

The functions same with conventional product of ADAI16-8/2(LPCI)L are provided with the AIO-160802LI-PE. In addition, as there is compatibility in terms of connector shape and pin assignments, it is easy to migrate from the existing system. So you can use the same operating procedures as ADAI16-8/2(LPCI)L.

There are some differences in specifications as shown below.

| | AIO-160802LI-PE | ADAI16-8/2(LPCI)L |
|-------------------|---|---|
| Power consumption | +3.3VDC 1100mA (Max.) | +5VDC 680mA (Max.) |
| Bus specification | PCI Express Base Specification Rev. 1.0a x1 | PCI (32-bit, 33MHz, Universal key shapes supported) |
| Dimension (mm) | 169.33(L) x 110.18(H) | 121.69(L) x 63.41(H) |
| Weight | 120g | 65g |