High-Speed Analog Input Board for PCI

AD12-16U(PCI)EV



* Specifications, color and design of the products are subject to change without notice.

This product is PCI-compliant interface boards that convert analog input signals to digital data (performing analog-to-digital conversion). This product carries high-capacity buffer memory for 16M data for analog input, allowing background sampling to be performed in a variety of trigger conditions. This product also has one analog output channel, four channels for TTL level digital input, and four channels for TTL level digital output.

This product is the high-speed type that performs A-D conversion at a conversion speed of 1μ sec/ch and a resolution of 12-bit.

Using the bundled API function library package

[API-PAC(W32)], you can create Windows application software for this board in your favorite programming language supporting Win32 API functions, such as Visual Basic or Visual C++

It can also collect data easily without a program when the data logger software [C-LOGGER] stored on the attached Disk is used. With plug-ins for the dedicated libraries, the board also supports MATLAB and LabVIEW.

This product is partly improved from the past analog E series; it is an upward-compatible product. Basically, this product can therefore be used in the same way as the analog E series. This product is different in specification from the E series. The difference point is shown in "Differences between past analog E and this product".

Features

Resolution : 12-bit, combination speed : 1µsec/ch

This product is the high-speed type that performs A-D conversion at a conversion speed of 1μ sec/ch and a resolution of 12-bit.

The product has analog input 16ch, analog output 1ch, digital input/output (TTL level: four each), and a counter (32-bit, TTL level 1ch). In addition, the analog input can be set to single-end input 16ch or differential input 8ch, while the counter is commonly used as the digital input/output.

Equipped with high-capacity buffer memory for 16M data and a variety of sampling control functions

FIFO or RING buffer memory for 16M data, allowing sampling to be performed as a background task independent of the processing power of the PC.

Capable of starting and stopping sampling not only by software commands but depending on the strength of an analog signal (via conversion data comparison) or by detection of a TTL level signal (external trigger).

Sixteen single-ended channels or eight differential channels (Analog input function)

These boards allow either single-ended or differential input mode that is selected with on-board jumpers. The order of channels subject to signal conversion can be preset in the dedicated register. Using an optional unit, a board can increase the maximum number of input channels (up to 32 channels) and perform simultaneous sampling.

Mixed on-board channels for analog output and digital I/O

One channel for analog output, four channels for TTL level digital input, and four channels for TTL level digital output mixed on the board.

Compact PCI short-size board with a wealth of advanced functions Abundant optional units

Providing a variety of options available for extending the functions, including buffer amplifier, simultaneous sampling, insulation & current/thermocouple input, low pass filter, and cables.

Supported to the data logger software [C-LOGGER]

Supporting the data logger software [C-LOGGER] that enables the graph display of recorded signal data, file saving, and dynamic transfer to the spreadsheet software program "Excel"

Plug-ins for the dedicated libraries, the board also supports MATLAB and LabVIEW.

We offer a dedicated library [ML-DAQ], which allows you to use this product on MATLAB by the MathWorks as well as another dedicated library [VI-DAQ], which allows you to use the product on LabVIEW.

These dedicated libraries are available, free of charge (downloadable), on our web site.

AD12-16U(PCI)EV

Specification

Specification	Specification	
Item	Specification	
Analog input		
Isolated specification	Unisolated	
Туре	Single-Ended Input or Differential Input (Jumper setup)	
Number of input	16ch (Single-Ended Input)	
channels	8ch (Differential Input)	
Input range	Bipolar ±10V, ±5V, ±2.5V	
	or Unipolar 0 - +5V, 0 - +10V (Jumper setup)	
Absolute max. input voltage	±15V	
Input impedance	1MΩ or more	
Resolution	12-bit	
Non-Linearity error *1*2	±3LSB	
Conversion speed	1μsec/ch (Max.)	
Buffer memory	16M data FIFO or 16M data RING (Software setup)	
Conversion start trigger	Software/Input data comparison/TTL level external signal	
Conversion stop trigger	Specified sampling data stored /Input data comparison/ TTL level external signal/Software	
Analog output		
Isolated specification	Unisolated	
Number of output	1ch	
channel		
Output range	Bipolar ±10V / Bipolar ±5V / Unipolar 0 - +10V (Jumper setup)	
Output current ability	±5mA	
Output impedance	1Ω or less	
Resolution	12-bit	
Non-Linearity error *1	±1/2LSB	
Conversion speed	6μsec/ch (Max.)	
Digital I/O		
Number of input	Unisolated input 4ch (TTL level, Selection of a counter output is	
channels	possible at a jumper.)	
Number of output	Unisolated input 4ch (TTL level, A counter control input and	
channels	common use are possible at a jumper.)	
Counter		
Counter device	i8254 equivalent	
Counter clock	Internal (4MHz) or External signal	
I/O address	Any 32-byte boundary	
Interrupt	1 level use	
Power consumption *3	+5V 1000 mA (Max.)	
Operating condition	0 - 50°C, 10 - 90%RH (No condensation)	
PCI bus specification	32-bit, 33MHz, Universal key shapes supported *4	
Physical dimensions (mm)	176.41(L) x 105.68(H)	
Interface connectors		
CN1	D-SUB 37-Pin female connector #4-40UNC	
CN2	16-pin Pin-header	
Weight	150g	
Certification	VCCI Class A, CE Marking (EMC Directive Class A, RoHS	
*1 When the environment temperature is near 0°C or 50°C, the non-linearity error may		

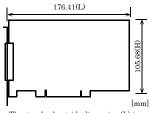
When the environment temperature is near 0°C or 50°C, the non-linearity error may *1 become larger. At the time of the source use of a signal which built in the high-speed operational

*2

amplifier. If an external device requires this AD12-16U(PCI)EV board to supply +5VDC from the CN1 or CN2 connectors, the power consumption of this board will be bigger than what this specification has defined. *3

This board requires +5V power supply from expansion slots (it does not operate in the *4 vironment of only +3.3V power supply)

Board Dimensions



The standard outside dimension (L) is the distance from the end of the board to the outer surface of the slot cover.

Support Software

Windows version of analog I/O driver API-AIO(WDM)

The API-AIO(WDM) / API-AIO(98/PC) is the Windows version driver library software that provides products in the form of Win32 API functions (DLL). Various sample programs such as Visual Basic and Visual C++, etc and diagnostic program useful for checking operation is provided. You can download the updated version from the CONTEC's

Web site. For more details on the supported OS, applicable language and new information, please visit the CONTEC's Web site.

Linux version of analog I/O driver API-AIO(LNX)

The API-AIO(LNX) is the Linux version driver software which provides device drivers (modules) by shared library and kernel version. Various sample programs of gcc are provided. You can download the updated version from the CONTEC's Web site. For more details on the supported OS, applicable language and new information, please visit the CONTEC's Web site.

Data Logger Software C- LOGGER

website.

C-LOGGER is a data logger software program compatible with our analog I/O products. This program enables the graph display of recorded signal data, zoom observation, file saving, and dynamic transfer to the spreadsheet software "Excel". No troublesome programming is required. CONTEC provides download services to supply the updated drivers. For details, refer to the C-LOGGER Users Guide or our

Data acquisition VI library for LabVIEW VI-DAQ

This is a VI library to use in National Instruments LabVIEW. VI-DAQ is created with a function form similar to that of LabVIEW's Data Acquisition VI, allowing you to use various devices without complicated settings. See the CONTEC's Web site for details and download of

VI-DAQ.

AD12-16U(PCI)EV

Cable & Connector

Cable (Option)

Flat Cable with 37-Pin D-SUB Con :	nector at One End PCA37P-1.5 (1.5m)
Shield Cable with 37-Pin D-SUB C	onnector at One End PCA37PS-0.5P (0.5m)
:	PCA37PS-1.5P (1.5m)
Shielded Cable with 37-pin D-SUB :	connectors at either ends PCB37PS-0.5P (0.5m)
:	PCB37PS-1.5P (1.5m)
Flat Cable with Two 15-pin D-SUB :	Connectors PCB15P-1.5 (1.5m) *1
Coaxial Cable for Single-ended In	outs (16 channels) PCC16PS-1.5 (1.5m)
:	PCC16PS-3 (3m)
2 Wires Shielded Cable for Different :	ntial Inputs (8 channels) PCD8PS-1.5 (1.5m)
:	PCD8PS-3 (3m)
Flat Cable with 1 Sided 16-Pin Hea	ader Connector (1.5m) DT/E1
Conversion Cable (16-Pin to 15-Pi	n) with Bracket (100mm) DT/E2
Conversion Cable (16-Pin to 15-Pi	n) with Bracket (150mm) DT-E3

*1 For FTP-15 only

Accessories

Accessories (Option)

BNC Terminal Unit (for analog input 16ch)	: ATP-16E *1
Buffer Amplifier Box for Analog Input Boards (16ch type)	: ATBA-16E *1
General Purpose Terminal (M3 x 15P)	: FTP-15 *2
Screw Terminal Unit (M3 x 37P)	: EPD-37A *1 *3
Screw Terminal Unit (M3.5 x 37P)	: EPD-37 *1
General Purpose Terminal (M3 x 37P)	: DTP-3C *1
Screw Terminal (M2.5 x 37P)	: DTP-4C *1
16 Channel Simultaneous Sample & Hold Board	: ATSS-16 *1
8ch- Isolated Expansion Accessory Board for Analog Input	: ATII-8C *1
8ch- Isolated Expansion Accessory Board for Analog Input	: ATII-8A *1
Low Pass Filter Accessory for Analog Input	: ATLF-8A*1
16CH Multiplexer Sub-Board for AD12-16U(and AD16-16U(PCI)EV	(PCI)EV :ATUH-16A(PCI)

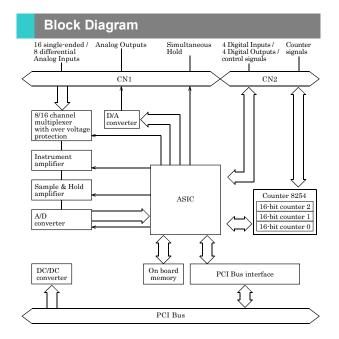
A PCB37PS -*P optional cable is required separately. (0.5m is recommended.) A DT/E2 and PCB15P-1.5 optional cable is required separately. "Spring-up" type terminal is used to prevent terminal screws from falling off. *1

*2 *3

Check the CONTEC's Web site for more information on these options.

Packing List

Board [AD12-16U(PCI)EV] ...1 Please read the following ... 1

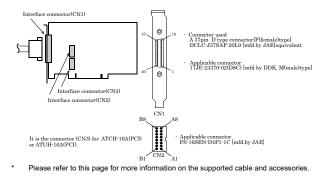


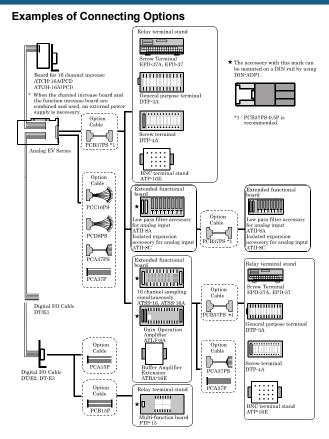
How to connect the connectors

Connector shape

To connect an external device to this board, plug the cable from the device into the interface connector (CN1, CN2) shown below.

The board has two interface connectors: the analog I/O connector (CN1: 37-pin female D-SUB connector) and the control signal connector (CN2: 16-pin pin-header) for digital input/output and counter control.





Connector Pin Assignment Pin Assignment of CN1

< Single Er	ndedn Input >	< Differential Input >
C Digital Ground 37 Analog Ground 36 Analog Ground 34 Analog Ground 34 Analog Ground 34	N1 19 +5V DC from PC 18 Simultaneous Hold Output 17 Analog Output 16 Analog Input 15 15 Analog Input 7 14 Analog Input 14	CN1 Digital Ground 47 18 - Simult Analog Ground 48 17 - Analog Analog Ground 48 16 - Analog Analog Ground 43 16 - Analog Analog Ground 43 15 - Analog Analog Ground 43 15 - Analog

Digital Ground 71 9 +5V DC from PC Analog Ground 73 19 +5V DC from PC Analog Ground 73 19 + Simultaneous Hold Output Analog Ground 73 16 + Analog Input 15 Analog Ground 73 14 + Analog Input 14 Analog Ground 73 14 + Analog Input 14 Analog Ground 71 + Analog Input 13 Analog Ground 72 18 + Analog Input 13 Analog Ground 72 8 + Analog Input 13 Analog Ground 72 4 + Analog Input 1 Analog Ground 72 5 + Analog Input 2 Analog Ground 72 5 + Analog Input 2 Analog Ground 72 1 + Analog Input 8 Analog Ground 72 1 + Analog Input 8 Analog Ground 71 2 + Analog Input 8 Analog Ground 71 2 + Analog Input 9	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

Analog Input 0	Analog input signals in single-ended input mode.	
- Analog Input 15	The numbers correspond to channel numbers.	
Analog Input 0[+]	Analog input signals in differential input mode.	
- Analog Input 7[+]	The numbers correspond to channel numbers.	
Analog Input 0[-]	Analog input signals in differential input mode.	
- Analog Input 7[-]	The numbers correspond to channel numbers.	
Analog Output	Analog output signal	
Analog Ground	Analog ground common to analog I/O signals.	
Simultaneous Hold	Control signal for simultaneous sampling unit ATSS-16 available as	
Output	an option.	
+5V DC from PC	Supplies 2A of current at +5 V.	
Digital Ground	Digital ground common to "Simultaneous Hold Output" and "+5V DC	
	from PC".	

A CAUTION

Do not connect any of the outputs and power outputs to the analog or digital ground.

Neither connect outputs to each other. Doing either can result in a fault.

Pin Assignment of CN2

-	CN2		
External Sampling External Start T Digital Input 2 Dig Digital Output 3/	rigger Input B5 A5 Digital Input 3 / INT Trigger / CNT Clock B4 A4 Digital Input 1 / CNT Gate gital Input 0 B3 A3 Digital Ground		
Digital Input 0	Digital input signal.		
Digital Input 1	Digital input signal.		
/CNT Gate	Also serving as the counter gate control input signal.		
Digital Input 2	Digital input signal.		
/CNT Clock	Also serving as the clock input signal		
Digital Input 3	Digital input signal.		
/INT Trigger	Also serving as the interrupt input signal.		
Digital Out 0 to Digital Out 2	Digital output signal.		
Digital Out 3	Digital output signal.		
to CNT Output	Capable of being jumper-switched to serve as the counter output signal.		
External Start Trigger Input	External trigger input signal for sampling start conditions		
External Stop Trigger Input	External trigger input signal for sampling stop conditions		
External Sampling Clock Input	External sampling clock input signal		
Sampling Clock Output	Sampling clock output signal		
+5V DC from PC	Supplies 1A of current at +5 V.		
Digital Ground	Digital ground common to the signals and "+5V DC from PC".		

A CAUTION

N.C.

Do not connect any of the outputs and power outputs to the analog or digital ground.

Neither connect outputs to each other. Doing either can result in a fault.

Analog Input Signal Connection

No connection to this pin.

There are two analog input modes: the Single-ended input and the Differential input. Here we give some examples of analog input connections by using flat cable or shield cable.

Single-ended Input

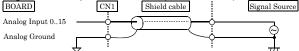
The following figure shows an example of flat cable connection. Each signal source is connected to one analog input channel and the signal common to analog ground pin of CN1.

Single-ended Input Connection (Flat Cable)

BOARD	CN1	Cable	 Signal Source
Analog Input 015	o		
Analog Ground	<u> </u>		
	\bigtriangledown		717

The following figure shows an example of shield cable connection. When the distance between the signal source and the board is long or you want to increase the noise tolerance, a shield cable is suggested. Connect the signal by the core wire and common signal by the shield braids.

Single-ended Input Connection (Shield Cable)



A CAUTION

If the signal source contains over 1MHz signals, the signal may effect the cross-talk noise between channels.

If the board and the signal source receive noise or the distance between the board and the signal source is too long, data may not be input properly.

An input analog signal should not exceed the maximum input voltage (relate to the board analog ground). If it exceeds the maximum voltage, the board may be damaged.

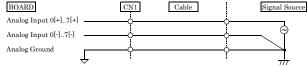
Connect all the unused analog input channels to analog ground.

AD12-16U(PCI)EV

Differential Input

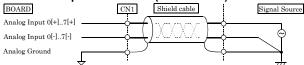
The following figure shows an example of flat cable connection. Each signal source is connected to a [+] pin of analog input channel and the signal common of this source to the [-] pin of this input channel of CN1. In addition, the signal common must be connected to the pin of the analog ground of CN1 by a third wire.

Differential Input Connection (Flat Cable)



The following figure shows an example of 2-wire shielded cable connection. When the distance between the signal source and the board is long or you want to increase the noise tolerance, a shield cable connection is preferred. Each signal source is connected to a [+] pin of analog input channel and the signal common of this source to the [-] pin of this input channel of CN1. In addition, the signal common must be connected to the pin of the analog ground of CN1 by the shielded braids.

Differential Input Connection (Shield Cable)



A CAUTION

If the signal source contains over 1MHz signals, the signal may effect the cross-talk noise between channels.

The input data would be uncertain if the analog ground is not connected.

If the board and the signal source receive noise or the distance between the board and the signal source is too long, data may not be input properly.

The input voltage from the [+] input or [-] input should not exceed the maximum input voltage (based on the board analog ground). If it exceeds the maximum voltage, the board may be damaged.

Because the input data will be uncertain if the [+] pin or the [-] pin of CN1 is not connected, all the unused input pins of CN1 should be connected to the analog ground, AGND.

Analog Output Signal Connection

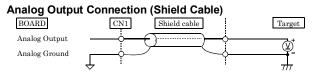
This section shows how to connect the analog output signal by using a flat cable or a shielded cable.

The following figure shows an example of flat cable connection. Connect the signal source and ground to the CN1 analog output.

Analog Output Connection (Flat Cable)



If the distance between the signal source and the board is long or if you want to increase the noise tolerance, a shield cable connection is strongly recommended.



A CAUTION

If the board or the connected wire receives noise, or the distance between the board and the target is long, data may not be outputted properly.

For analog output signal, the current capacity is \pm 5mA (Max.). Check the specification of the connected device before connecting the board.

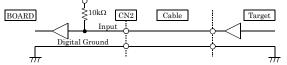
Do not short the analog output signal to analog ground, digital ground, and/or power line. Doing so may damage the board.

Digital I/O signals and Control signals Connection

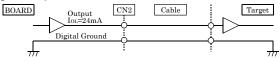
The digital I/O signals and the control signals are interfaced through the connector CN2. User can use an optional cable DT/E1 or DT/E2 or DT-E3 (with bracket and a 15-pin D type female connector) to connect these signals to your external devices.

All the digital I/O signals and control signals are TTL level signals.

Digital Input Connection



Digital Output Connection



A CAUTION

Do not short the output signals to analog ground, digital ground, and/or power line. Doing so may damage the board.

Differences between past analog E and this product

This product is a product that partially improves a past analog E series, and the upper compatibility goods of the analog E series. Therefore, the same usage as the E series can be basically done.

There are some differences in specifications as shown below.

Past E Series	: AD12-16U(PCI)EH
This product	: AD12-16U(PCI)EV

	AD12-16U(PCI)EH	AD12-16U(PCI)EV
Power consumption	+5V 1200mA (Max.)	+5V 1000 mA (Max.)
Physical Dimension (mm)	176.41(L) x 106.68(H)	176.41(L) x 105.68(H)

AD12-16U(PCI)EV

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